IEEE P2145 Blockchain Governance Framework

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Blockchain Governance?

Eco-system Governance

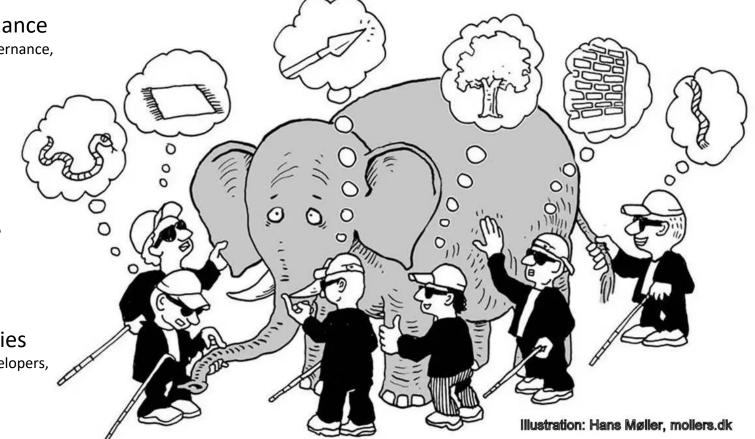
Cooptetion, consortium governance, regulations

Enterprise Blockchain Governance

Permissioned? Permissionless? Business? Technology? Network?

Governance Strategies

benevolent dictator, core developers, open governance?



Network operations

Coordination among nodes, infrastructure providers?

Forking / Change

To fork or not to? Software configuration management? Agreement on forks

Network Functionality

On-chain transactions, consensus

Interoperability

Cross chain transactions, Agreements of structures, Protocols

Blockchain Governance

- What is Governance?
- What is Blockchain Governance?

Governance Definition

Merriam-Webster	the act or process of governing or overseeing the control and direction of something (such as a country or an organization)
Institute on Governance	Governance is how society or groups within it, organize to make decisions
DLT Governance Lexical Framework DRAFT PROPOSAL	Governance is the method by which a collective makes decisions for its members
Governance of the Internet's Second Era	When we use the word "governance" we mean stewardship, which involves collaborating, identifying common interests, and creating incentives to act on them. We do not mean government, which involves legislating and regulating behavior and punishing those who misbehave.

Governance Key Takeaways

- Governance is needed for non-static (dynamic) systems
- Governance is about providing control/direction
- Governance is about decisions/rules
- Governance is about organizing, coordinating, collaborating to make decisions/rules
- Governance is about trust in decisions, decision making, decision performance and conformance

The entities involved may be humans or machines

Governance questions

Purpose of Governance

- 1. What is governed? What is the scope of governance?
- What are the objectives?
 Why it matters?
- 3. What are the decisions to be made?
- 4. What could go wrong? Risk/issue management?

Mechanics of Governance

- 1. Who are governed, who makes decisions?
- 2. How are decisions made? What is the process?
- 3. How are the decisions documented / codified?
- 4. How are decisions executed and enforced?

Politics(?) of Governance

- Legitimization of Governance
- 2. Is the process for decision making fair and equitable (norms, principles, values)?
- 3. What are the incentives for decision makers?
- 4. What are the incentives for performance and conformance of decisions?

Governance considerations

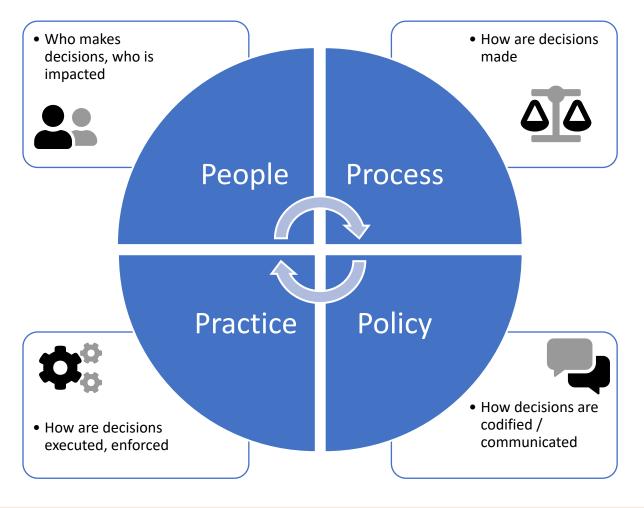
Membership, Responsibility, Accountability, Incentives

Rewards,

Risk, Issue

Consequences,

management

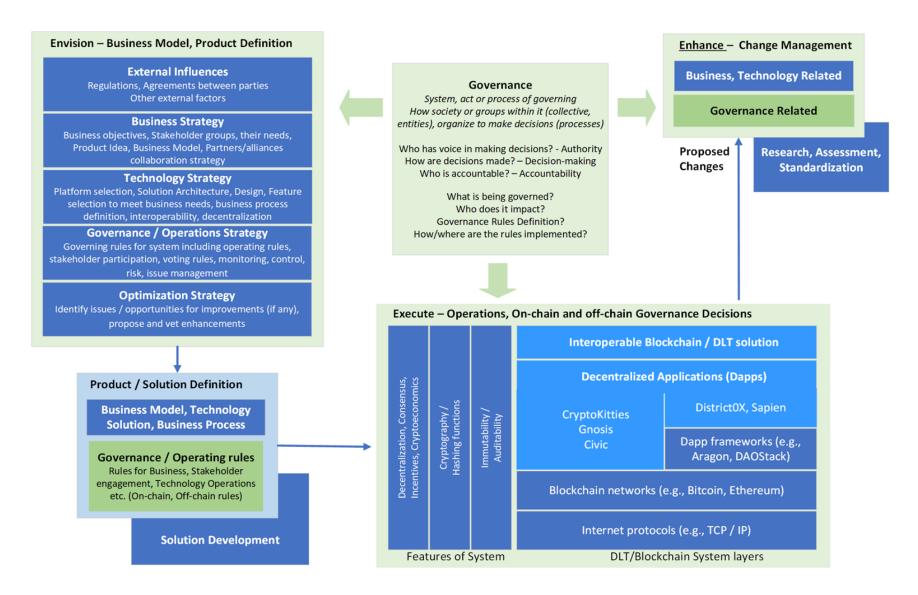


Coordination, collaboration, Voting / Consensus mechanisms

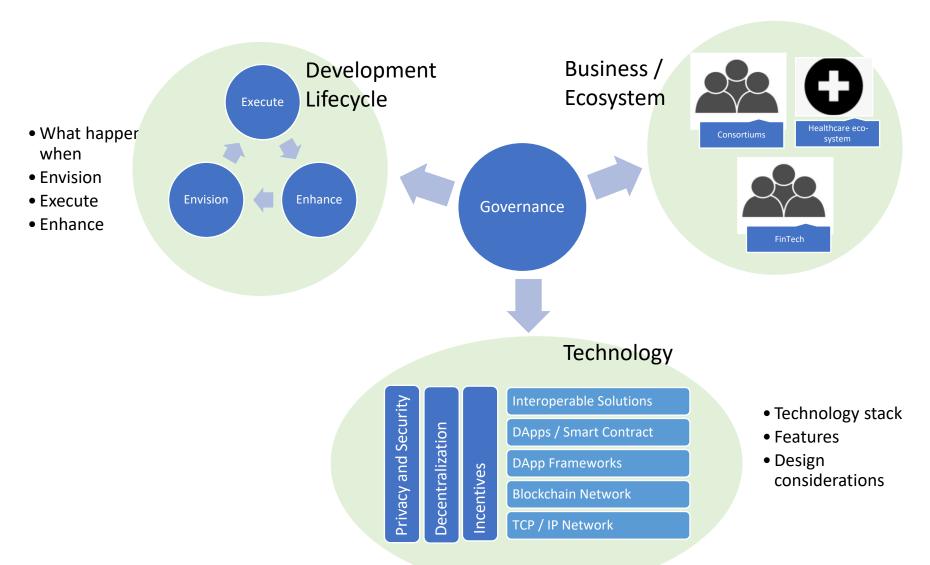
Informal norms, Standards, Policies, Legal Contracts, Informal agreements

Legitimization of all activities above is critical to ensure trust in Governance (supported by different models of Governance – benevolent dictator, federated, open, democratic etc.)

Blockchain Governance



Blockchain Governance



- Business model
- Consortium, Ecosystem
- Objectives, Requirements

Regulations, Compliance, Risks, Issue

Governance for / by infrastructure (off-chain vs. onchain)

Governance Dimensions	Governance Framework (GF)				
Defition: Governance is about decision making for direction and control of a dynamic system	Governance for the Blockchain System Development lifecycle.				
Governance Considerations	Envision (Blockchain Sysem)	Execute (Blockchain System)		Enhance (Blockchain System)	
		Software Design and Development	Network Operations		
Object of Governance What is governed?	Envision phase of Blockchain System Development Lifecycle	Software Design and Development for Blockchain	Blockchain network	Enhance the Blockchain system	
Scope What is the scope?	Blockchain system business, technology, operations, optimization strategy, Blockchain protocol	Software design and development for different compoents of the system, configuration and release	Network operations	Blockchain system business, technology, operations, or the governance for any of these areas, including risk management	
Purpose / Objectives Why is governance needed? What is the purpose / objectives? Why it matters?	Ensure that the envisioned Blockchain solution will meet the business needs, makes right technology decisions (including protocol decisions), can be operationalized and optimized for long term success	To ensure that the software design and development changes are coordinated, version controlled and quality controlled across the development community. Requirements traceability.	Ensure that the network runs smoothly as envisioned, with nodes running appropriate software and executing corresponding roles in the network	Provide an ability to enhance the system as a result of real-life experience of the stakeholders, or any external changes including regulatory changes	
Requirements What are the requirements to meet the business need/objectives?	Capture business, technical, operational requirements	Encourage developers to particiate and contribute to the software development, by providing appropriate tools and guidelines.	Network to meet business, technical and operational requirements, including protocol, cryptographic security, immutability, on chain consensus, incentives etc.	Provide change management for various aspects of the system	
Principles of Governance What are the guiding values and principles for Governance?	Support decentralized, distributed, secure and immutable system (that honors	Open, Participatory, Collaborative, Quality focused	Open, participatory, distributed, decentralized, immutable	Open, flexible, optimized	
Governance Structure Who is involved in Governance?					
Members Who are the members? Governed members/ Governing Authority?	Founding members, Business stakeholders, Technical stakeholders (system architects, leads) Investors, Early adopters, Regulators etc.	Developers in different toles such as Contributors, Reviewers, Maintainers, Leads; certain roles may provide certain privileges with associated responsibilities. Failing to abide by rules may		Everyone who can raise change request, everyone who may be affected by the change. Business stakeholders, technical stakeholders, node operators,	

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