



**TRUST**  
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FOUNDATION

# Privacy & Risk TF Bi-Weekly Meeting

03 May 2021

 **THE LINUX** FOUNDATION

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# Newcomer Introductions

## (30 seconds!)

1. Name
2. Location / time zone
3. Affiliation(s)
4. One-sentence summary of your interest in Privacy & Risk TF

# Agenda

1. Welcome (Jan – 5 mins)
2. Newcomer Introductions
3. Topics (all – 40 minutes)
  1. Discussion PII, QII and Sensitive attributes definition and misunderstanding of anonymization (Jan)
  2. Open discussion on GHP working packages and relation to privacy (GHP WG Security Privacy and GHP WG Rules Engine)
4. Summary (Jan—5 mins)
  - › Meeting schedule

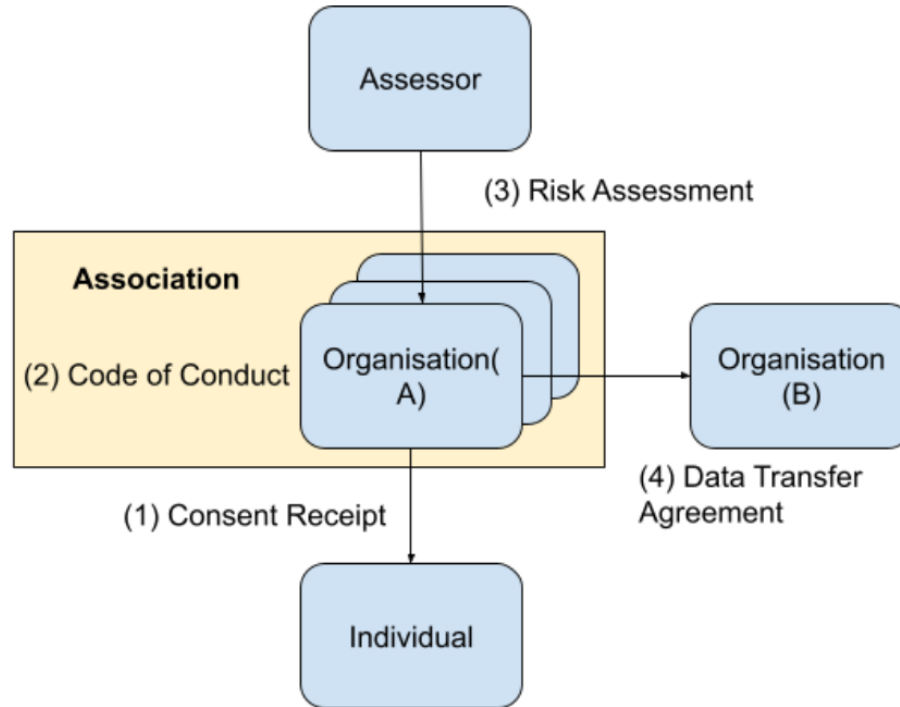
## PII, QII and Sensitive attributes definition

- › PII: Personal Identifiable Information
  - › Specific information that references to an individual, such as name or an identification number.
- › QII: Quasi-Identifiable Information
  - › Any piece of information (e.g. a geographical position in a certain moment or an opinion about a certain topic) that could be used, either individually or in combination with other quasi-identifiers, by someone that has knowledge about that individual with the purpose of re-identifying an individual in the dataset
- › SEN: Sensitivity
  - › The following type of information is considered sensitive: racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade union membership, the processing of genetic data, biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or data concerning a natural person's sex life or sexual orientation.

## Anonymization fallacies – 10 Misunderstandings related to Anonymization

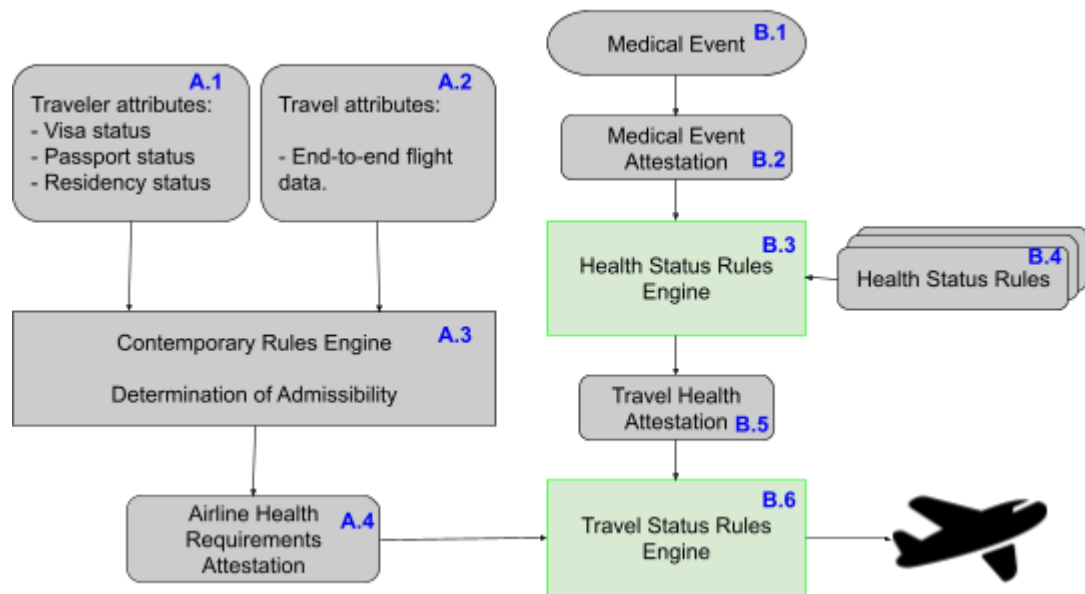
1. Pseudonymisation is the same as anonymization
2. Encryption is anonymization
3. Anonymisation of data is always possible
4. Anonymisation is forever
5. Anonymisation always reduces the probability of re-identification of a dataset to zero
6. Anonymisation is a binary concept that cannot be measured
7. Anonymisation can be fully automated
8. Anonymisation makes the data useless
9. Following an anonymisation process that others used successfully will lead our organisation to equivalent results
10. There is no risk and no interest in finding out to whom this data refers to

# GHP – Privacy and Security WG





# GHP - Rules Engine WG



# Summary (5 mins)

## Recording

<https://wiki.trustoverip.org/display/HOME/PRTF+Meeting+Pages>

Next call: May 17<sup>th</sup>

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